MARCH 18, 1775. THE NUMBER 1232.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the Freſheſt ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. — SUET. in TIB. S. 28.

PRINTED by JOHN DIXON and WM. HUNTER, at the POST OFFICE.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper at 12/6 a Year, and have Advertiſements (of a moderate Length) inſerted for 3/. the firſt Week, and 2/. each Week after. ——Printing Work done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.

Advertiſements.

NIMROD STANDS at *Richard Taliaferro's*, near *Williamſburg*, and covers at 10s. a Leap, 30s. the Seaſon, and 3l. to enſure. He is of a Cheſnut Colour, fifteen Hands and a Half high, got by old FEARNOUGHT, out of a PARTNER Mare near whole Blood, and is riſing five Years old. Good Paſturage for Mares, but I will not be anſwerable for Accidents.

RICHARD TALIAFERRO, Junior.

HANOVER Town, *March* 14, 1775.

WANTED, ON CHARTER FOR *Briſtol*,

A VESSEL,

BURTHEN about two Hundred and ſixty Hogſheads.

(1) JOHN & RICHARD BURNLEY.

BY DECREE OF THE COURT OF VICE ADMIRALTY,
On THURSDAY *the* 23*d of* MARCH,
WILL BE SOLD, AT BURWELL'S FERRY,
For ready Money,

The SCHOONER SALLY,

With her RIGGING, TACKLE, and APPAREL, ſixteen HOGSHEADS of TOBACCO, 300 BUSHELS of CORN, and 300 BUSHELS of OATS.

1 JAMES COCKE, Marſhal.

The beautiful, high blooded, bay Horſe

GODOLPHIN,

In full Perfection, ſtands this Seaſon at Capt. *Henry Delony's*, in *Mecklenburg* County, where he will cover Mares for a Guinea the Leap, or 5l. for the Seaſon. Thoſe Gentlemen who ſend their Mares for a ſingle Cover are deſired to ſend the Money with them; and thoſe that will pay for the Seaſon ſhall be diſcharged on Payment of three Pounds by the laſt Day of *Auguſt* next. He will find good Paſturage gratis, but will not be anſwerable for any Mares that may be ſtolen, or ſtray away.

NORFOLK, *January* 4, 1775.

WHEREAS a Report has been propagated, that I am not duly authoriſed to act as a Notary Public, but that my ſole Warrant for ſo doing is an Aſſignment of a Commiſſion formerly granted to Mr. *Thomas Burke*, late of this Borough, and that, in Conſequence thereof, no Credit ought to be paid to the Seal of my Office: My own Character and Intereſt both call upon me, thus openly, to contradict ſuch Report, by aſſuring the Public in general, and thoſe in particular whom it may concern, that I act under a Commiſſion iſſuing from his Grace the Archbiſhop of *Canterbury*, granted to me, and to which I qualified before his Excellency the *Earl* of *Dunmore*, and that, being regiſtered as a Notary Public in his Majeſty's Office of Faculties in Chancery, all Faith and Honour is due to Certificates under the Seal of my Notarial Office, where Buſineſs committed to my Care will be executed with Accuracy and Deſpatch. ——As I continue to tranſact Buſineſs as Inſurance Broker, Orders from any Part of the Country for Enſurance will be properly attended to, and the greateſt Care taken to procure good Men to the Policies.

JAMES ARCHDEACON.

N. B. I have for Sale a few Hogſheads of excellent OLD JAMAICA SPIRITS, JAMAICA COFFEE, ANTIGUA RUM, GINGER, LOAF SUGAR, *&c.*

TO BE SOLD,

At public Sale, on WEDNESDAY *the* 26*th of* APRIL *next, if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day, for ready Money, on the Premiſes*,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND,

containing 373 Acres, ſituated on *North* River, in *Kingſton* Pariſh, *Glouceſter* County, whereon Mrs. *Letitia Ranſone* now lives. There is a good Dwelling-Houſe, with two Rooms on a Floor, ſeveral convenient Outhouſes, and a very good Orchard. It is convenient to Fiſh and Oyſters of the beſt Sort. ——At the ſame Time and Place will be ſold ſeveral likely *Virginia* born SLAVES. —— The Widow has her Right of Dower in the Land.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE Thouſand Acres of well timbered LAND, near *Newmarket*, in *Caroline* County, whereon are two Plantations in good Repair, with proper and convenient Edifices for farming or making of Tobacco. For Terms apply to the Subſcriber.

JOHN BAYLOR.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND in *Caroline* County, contiguous to *Mattapony*, containing about 2000 Acres of well timbered Land, the Property of Mr. *Robert Baylor*. The Terms may be known by applying to Mr. *Nathaniel Burwell* of *King William*, Mr. *John Armiſtead* of *Caroline*, and Mr. *John Baylor*, Executors.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Nov.* 29.

THE following is an account of the private treaty entered into between the Grand Seignior and the Emperor and Empreſs of Germany.

I. The Sublime Porte agrees to pay to the Imperial Court, for expenſes of the preparations for war, 20,000 purſes of ſilver, of 500 piaſtres each (30,000,000 of piaſtres) immediately after the ſigning this convention, in the following order, viz. 4000 purſes to be ſent immediately to the frontiers, and 6000 more to be ſent afterwards to the ſame place, with all convenient ſpeed, but with the greateſt degree of ſecrecy. The whole ſum to be afterwards paid in the ſame manner. But if the neceſſity of keeping this matter ſecret ſhould cauſe a delay of one month, it ſhall be no contravention to this agreement. Farther, if the Imperial Court (as well as the reſpective commiſſaries on each ſide) ſhould think proper to employ 2 or 3000 purſes to carry on certain ſecret views, they ſhall be indemnified, and the Grand Seignior will indemnify them for it.

II. The Sublime Porte, to teſtify its gratitude and acknowledgment to their Imperial Majeſties for their generous proceedings, agrees to cede to them all the province of Wallachia and its dependencies.

By another article, the Imperialiſts are to have a free trade throughout all the dominions of the Grand Seignior.

By the laſt article, the Imperial Court is to deliver, from the hands of the Ruſſians, either by arms or treaty, all the country and fortreſſes taken, or that ſhall be taken, from the Sublime Porte during the war.

WARSAW, *Dec.* 14. They write from Lemberg, that by order of the Court of Vienna all Convents are forbidden to accept of any perſon as profeſſed, under the age of 14 years. All Canons are forbidden to hold more than one benefice, neither can they any longer write to Rome without leave from the Archbiſhop of Lemberg.

The city of Dantzick is ſtill blocked up by the Pruſſian troops. They are raiſing at Marienburgh, for the ſervice of the King, one battalion of grenadiers, one regiment of huſſars, and two pulks of Uhlans. Two thouſand workmen are employed, notwithſtanding the ſeverity of the weather, in forming lines, and erecting fortifications along the frontiers of Samogitia. There are a number of engineers, &c. at Memel, which ſeems as if they would fortify that place.

PARIS, *Dec.* 23. The Archbiſhop of Paris having received orders to be at Verſailles on Sunday, regarding the refuſal of the ſacrament at St. Severin, his Majeſty ſpoke to him in the following terms, in preſence of the firſt Preſident of the Parliament of Paris: "The King my grandfather exiled you ſeveral times for the troubles you occaſioned in the ſtate; I ſent for you to tell you, that if you relapſe, I ſhall not exile you, but give you over to the rigour of the law."

Jan. 4. It is aſſerted that Mr. Frances will ſet out for London to ſupply the place of Count de Guignes, whoſe affairs ſeem every day to meet with difficulties, and conſequently leſs likely to be ſettled. Something is ſaid to be in agitation between this Court and that of Great Britain, which requires a perſon of more conſequence than a Charge d' Affaires. Lord Stormont has conferences daily with our Miniſters, which are thought to be relative to the alliances and treaties with the Emperor, but nothing certain tranſpires.

PETERSBURG, *Dec.* 20. Notwithſtanding the ſevere froſt, and the extraordinary inconveniencies of the Seaſon, our Court will ſet out on the 6th of January for Moſcow; but the true reaſon of this fatiguing journey is to receive the Turkiſh Ambaſſador, and to give him audience at a place remote from the foreign Miniſters, ſo that the moſt eſſential part of the treaty may remain a ſecret to the reſt of the Courts in Europe. We now begin to believe that France was the only mediator to that peace, ſo detrimental to every ſtate of Europe; and that the other two allies of Ruſſia have actually been diſappointed.

From the DANUBE, *Dec.* 14. Some important news is expected to be made public ſoon, as there are actually ſome very intereſting affairs on the carpet in many Courts, and the tranquillity of Germany ſeems to be in ſome danger.

VIENNA, *Dec.* 21. It is ſaid that the Emperor intends to take a tour to France in the ſpring, and that ſix camps will then be formed in the Auſtrian hereditary countries.

ROME, *Dec.* 12. The Courts of Vienna, Verſailles, and Madrid, have ſent inſtructions to their Miniſters, that no Pope ſhall be proclaimed unleſs he ſigns and confirms the late brief for aboliſhing the Jeſuits, to drop the affair of the infant of Parma, and to ſign another article concerning the Chevalier Stuart: But as this would totally confine the power of the Pontific Sovereign, the Holy College will not comply with it at any rate. Cardinal Palavicini has had the majority of the votes, but nobly refuſed to accept of the Popedom, on account of the above-mentioned articles being laid before him to ſign.

LONDON, *January* 5.

THE petition from the American Congreſs to the King has been preſented to his Majeſty by Lord Dartmouth, and the ſame will be laid before both Houſes of Parliament at their next meeting.

We are aſſured a great perſonage has inſpected all the papers which have been received relating to the unhappy tranſactions at Boſton, and that he has made memorandums on the moſt remarkable paſſages they contain.

Yeſterday, in purſuance of an advertiſement for a meeting of the merchants and others concerned in the American trade, there was a very numerous and reſpectable meeting at the King's Arms tavern, in Cornhill, of the moſt eminent merchants and traders in this city, to conſider of a petition to Parliament on the preſent alarming ſituation of affairs with reſpect to America, the total ſtoppage of all commerce to thoſe parts, and the preſent decline of the trade and manufactures of this kingdom. A motion was made by Mr. Alderman Hayley, and ſeconded, that Thomas Lane, Eſq; an eminent North American merchant, be placed in the Chair, which was carried in the affirmative. After the Chairman had informed the company of the intent of the meeting, Mr. Barclay moved, that an addreſs be prepared and preſented immediately to Parliament, and a committee appointed to draw up the ſame. A more reſpectable meeting was ſcarcely ever known in the city of London, and every motion was carried unanimouſly, except one Gentleman, who ſaid that there was no need of petitioning at preſent, till they had information what the Parliament would do after they had taken into conſideration the petition from the Congreſs of America to his Majeſty; which petition his Majeſty promiſed to lay before the Houſe the earlieſt opportunity, and that it would then be a proper time for the merchants to meet, and to take the matter into conſideration; but this was abſolutely and unanimouſly rejected.

The New York mail, which was to have been deſpatched yeſterday from the general poſt-office, is detained till Saturday next, by order of Government, that it may carry ſome deſpatches of great importance.

An American Agent is ſaid to have had an interview with a leading perſon, when he inſiſted on the neceſſity of repealing the American acts; hold, ſaid the ſtateſman, I, for my part, will ſooner go to the block than agree that a ſingle clauſe ſhould be repealed.

Orders are ſent to Ireland to take 2000 tons of ſhipping into government ſervice.

Means are ſaid to be uſing to keep up the ſpirit of party againſt government in France, that their attention may be diverted from our diſputes with the colonies by their own nearer home.

His Majeſty's ſchooner St. Lawrence, Capt. Dundas, from Boſton, is arrived at Plymouth.

The French are ſaid to be fitting out with great diligence at Breſt, four ſhips of the line and three frigates, the deſtination of which is an entire ſecret.

A ſmall ſquadron is ordered to be fitted out forthwith, ſaid to be deſtined to a remote part of the world. The orders and purpoſe of this voyage are not to be unfolded to thoſe concerned in it, till they arrive in a certain latitude.

Certain advice is received, that the King of France, ſince the beginning of laſt month, has raiſed twenty millions of livres, at eight per cent.

On the 22d of November laſt the Emperor of Morocco ſet out for Fez with a reſpectable train of artillery, 30,000 foot, and 20,000 horſe, to lay ſiege to the garriſons of Pennon and Melilla, on the coaſt of Africa, ſituated from 60 to 100 miles eaſt of Tetuan. The Spaniſh Court has ſent Col. Sherlock, an experienced brave officer in the ſervice, over to Pennon to defend it; but it is to be believed that neither of thoſe three garriſons are tenable, the Spaniards having ſuffered the fortifications to fall into decay for many years paſt. As ſoon as Sidi Mehomet makes himſelf maſter of thoſe important places, he will turn his arms towards Ceuta and Oran, but all the force of his empire againſt theſe two garriſons will prove too weak, there not being ſtronger fortifications than they are in all Europe.

Letters from Hamburgh mention, that an order has been iſſued out there to prevent the merchants from ſupplying the piratical ſtates of Barbary with cannon and other warlike ſtores.

It is ſaid, that in the courſe of the preſent ſeſſions of Parliament a petition will be preſented, by a body of Scotch merchants, for excluding the Dutch, and other foreigners, from fiſhing on the coaſts of Orkney or Shetland, or ſubjecting them to pay duty for each veſſel employed in ſaid fiſheries.

Three gentlemen of Scotland are expected home in the firſt ſhips from the Eaſt Indies, who have been abroad only ſix years, and made fortunes of upwards of twenty thouſand pounds each.

It has been remarked, that notwithſtanding the people of Scotland are only equal to one fourth part of the people of England, yet three fourths of the gentlemen who return immenſely rich from the Eaſt Indies are Scotchmen.

Letters from Leghorn adviſe, that the Molly, an Engliſh veſſel, had been burnt in the port of Alexandria, whether intentionally, or by accident, doth not appear.

Advice is received that the Bourgoyne, a French man of war of 60 guns, ammunition, and other warlike ſtores, is loſt within a few leagues of Martinico, and all the crew periſhed.

Captain Piot, of the Tartar, arrived at Dover, from Niçe, the 28th ult. off Sicily, ſpoke with the Britannia, Ayres, from New-York to London, out 9 weeks, who had loſt all her boats, two of her crew drowned, and ſprung her foremaſt.

Friday night died, at his apartments in Henrietta ſtreet, Covent Garden, Paul Whitehead, Eſq; a gentleman much admired by the literati for his publications. Amongſt other whimſical legacies, he has given his heart, with 50l. to Lord Le Deſpencer.

Jan. 7. Advices from Madeira ſay, that orders had juſt been iſſued by the Intendant of the land forces there, to fill up and complete, immediately, all the different corps of infantry in the provinces of that kingdom. The rupture with the Emperor of Morocco is ſaid to be the occaſion.

They write from Gibraltar, that the Emperor of Morocco's ſquadron has had an obſtinate engagement with ſome Spaniſh men of war in the Mediterranean, in which the former were repulſed with loſs.

At the laſt Board of Treaſury the ſtate of the ſilver coinage was taken into conſideration, when, upon examination, it appeared that the ſaid coin is greatly adulterated and diminiſhed, and it was agreed that application be made to Parliament for redreſſing this national grievance.

The various accounts received from Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Poland, Copenhagen, and other places ſubject to the northern powers, abound with deplorations of the inclemency of the ſeaſon. Letters have been received from Copenhagen of the moſt alarming kind; the froſt and ſnow continues with a ſeverity unparalleled within the memory of man.

A circumſtantial account of the proceedings of the AMERICAN MERCHANTS, *aſſembled on Wedneſday, at the King's Arms tavern.*

Thomas Lane, Eſq; was then placed in the Chair.

Mr. Barclay firſt opened the debate; he went fully into the nature of the meeting, which was to conſider of ſome proper method for ſtemming thoſe evils that threatened no leſs than the deſtruction of the whole empire, by the preſent unhappy diſputes between this country and North America. As this was a ſubject of the greateſt magnitude and importance to the trade of this country, he hoped it would be treated with great temper and circumſpection, and that conſequently it ſhould be only taken up merely on a *commercial ground*, leaving the political to thoſe who ſhould beſt know how to diſcuſs it. He then produced the two following written propoſitions, which were ſeverally read, and ſeconded.

"That it is the opinion of this meeting that the alarming ſtate of the trade to North America makes it expedient to petition Parliament for redreſs.

"That a committee be appointed to prepare a petition to the Houſe of Commons, and lay the ſame before a general meeting, to be held at this place this day ſe'ennight."

Mr. Bacon (member for Ayleſbury) roſe after Mr. Barclay; and after joining with him in thinking the preſent queſtion of the greateſt importance to this country, yet thought the mode of petitioning rather premature. There was, he ſaid, a petition from America already preſented to the King, and the King had given his anſwer, it ſhould be laid before the Parliament. Now, ſays he, let us wait till we hear how this petition is received before we go upon one, the prayer of which might be different from the other.

Mr. Barclay anſwered him, by ſaying, the leaſt protraction might be dangerous; and that if they waited for the fate of one petition, the Parliament, by that time, might take ſome meaſures which might defeat, in a great meaſure, the purpoſe of petitioning at all; that beſide, ſo large a body as the North American merchants of London ſhould not ſit idle ſpectators in ſo great a ſtruggle as the preſent; that their not exerting themſelves before was made a handle of laſt ſeſſion by the Miniſter, and that their preſent union and aſſiſtance muſt neceſſarily ſtrengthen the grounds of an amicable accommodation.

Mr. Samuel Vaughan acquainted the aſſembly, that having had the honour of attending a meeting of the Weſt India-merchants and planters on the night before, at the London tavern, upon the ſame ſubject as the preſent, he would declare to them their reſolutions. He then read a letter from the merchants, traders, &c. in the Weſt India buſineſs, reſiding at Briſtol, requeſting to join themſelves to the London meeting of merchants, &c. and that, upon this letter being read at the laſt night's meeting, they had reſolved to accept of the aſſociation, and likewiſe reſolved to have a general meeting at the London tavern on the 18th inſtant for that purpoſe.

Mr. Hayley read a letter from the Council of Commerce at Liverpool, requeſting to know what ſteps the London American merchants intended to take. He likewiſe ſaid he had letters from Mancheſter, Leeds, and other places, to the ſame purport. Theſe letters urged for the immediate neceſſity of coming to ſome determination. Mr. Barclay corroborated this, by reading a letter from Leeds, giving a moſt pitiable account of the miſeries and diſtreſſes of the manufacturers in that town, on account of the non-importation article.

After ſeveral other Gentlemen had ſpoken ſucceſſively to the buſineſs of the meeting, in which they all *eſſentially* agreed (though *two* warned them of petitioning in favour of thoſe who had reſiſted the authority of Parliament) the motions were ſeverally put by the Chairman, and carried unanimouſly. The committee were then appointed to conſiſt of *twenty three*, and the names given in accordingly, at the proportion of three to each province, and two over; nine of whom were to conſtitute a committee. A ſhort debate then enſued on including the tradeſmen and others concerned in American commerce in the prayer of the petition, which was finally agreed to. It was unanimouſly agreed that theſe reſolutions ſhould be inſerted in all the news-papers.

The above meeting conſiſted of between three and four hundred of the moſt reſpectable merchants and traders concerned in the American buſineſs, and was conducted throughout with much ſpirit, good ſenſe, and moderation.

It is ſuppoſed the petition of the American merchants will be followed by others from Briſtol, Liverpool, Mancheſter, Leeds, Birmingham, and by the other manufacturing towns in England.

A private letter from Amſterdam ſays, that eighty tuns of tea were actually ſhipped on board a Dutch veſſel the middle of laſt month, for St. Euſtatia, in order to be diſpoſed of to the North American veſſels, which are continually paſſing that way.

Jan. 13. Yeſterday morning was held the adjourned meeting of the merchants, and others concerned in the American commerce, to receive the report of the committee appointed on Wedneſday laſt, when the petition to Parliament, as drawn up by the committee appointed, was read three times, and gave univerſal ſatisfaction. A debate aroſe from a merchant trading to Quebec, obſerving that the Canada bill was not enumerated among the grievances in the petition; in anſwer to which it was obſerved, the petition was drawn up in as general a ſenſe as poſſible; and the queſtion being put, whether the petition ſhould ſtand without addition or amendment, it was reſolved in the affirmative, four to one.

Lord North hath publicly declared, that ſo far from the meetings of the American and Weſt India merchants being diſagreeable to him, he, on the contrary, wiſhes for nothing more than as much information as poſſible on the American buſineſs to be laid before Parliament as ſpeedily as poſſible.

The Premier has certainly applied to moſt of the intelligent and experienced men in the kingdom for their advice, in regard to the preſent poſture of affairs between Great Britain and her colonies; and it is as certain (ſays our correſpondent) all are of opinion that Government ſhould perſevere in aſſerting its authority. At a late meeting of Treaſury Lords, the ſame opinion, we hear, was maintained; and many letters lately received from diſintereſted gentlemen, and merchants, reſiding in different quarters of America, contain the ſame ſentiments. Upon the ſtrength of ſuch united advice, orders are hourly expected to be ſent off to Portſmouth to haſten the preparations which have been making for an expedition to the Britiſh colonies.

Some freſh inſtructions have been lately ſent to the Governors of Gibraltar and Minorca, and the fleet in the Mediterranean will be reinforced with ſeveral ſhips, early in the ſpring.

It was yeſterday morning ſtrongly reported, in the city, that the French had ſent a powerful fleet into America, which is cruizing at the back of the Weſtern Iſlands; and, that their project might paſs undiſcovered by the Engliſh, the ſhips of which this fleet is compoſed are ſaid to have ſailed one at a time from different ports in France.

By letters from Jamaica, it appears that the Dutch iſlands of Curacoa and St. Euſtatia are now converted into complete magaſines for all kinds of European goods, and that an amazing trade is now carrying on there with the Britiſh North American colonies.

Poſitive orders, we hear, have lately been tranſmitted to the commanders of the ſeveral men of war on the North American ſtations, to be extremely vigilant in their duty againſt ſmugglers, and to ſeize all ſuch goods and merchandiſe which, by the laws of trade, ought to be exported directly from Great Britain to the colonies.

They write from St. Maloes, that more goods have been ſhipped off lately from thence to the Weſt Indies and America than for many years paſt, and that, in return, they receive both corn and caſh.

It is now credited that a Governor will be appointed to ſucceed General Gage.

A letter from Madrid, of very good authority, contains the following paragraph: "The enormous preparations for war, which are carrying on with ſo much aſſiduity in this kingdom, ſeem to have far greater matters in view than to carry on the war with the Emperor of Morocco. A general pardon is juſt iſſued from Court, not only granting his Catholic Majeſty's pardon to all the deſerters of the land and ſea troops, but entitling them alſo to the ſalary due to them from the time of deſerting down to the time of their entering into ſervice again. At all the ſea-ports they fit out the veſſels of war with the utmoſt expedition. New orders are given for building ten ſhips of war more in Sweden; and although the maritime powers ſeem to be in good harmony, yet it is adviſeable for every one to be upon his guard, as there was never a period in which leſs was to be truſted to the faith of treaties and guarantees than the preſent.

A miſunderſtanding, it is ſaid, lately happened between two German Princes, which may be attended with very ill conſequences.

According to the laſt advices from Hamburg, the ſtrict union which has hitherto ſubſiſted between the three allied powers is at an end; two of them, viz. the Courts of Peterſburg and Berlin, having concluded a private treaty of alliance, offenſive and defenſive, to which it is ſaid the Court of London will accede. Theſe letters add, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and the King of Pruſſia, are by no means pleaſed with the ceſſion of part of Moldavia and Wallachia, made by the Ottoman Porte in favour of the Houſe of Auſtria, and to which the latter has ſent eight battalions of foot, and four regiments of huſſars, to take poſſeſſion of.

Throughout Aſia the French political miſſionaries are labouring in and out of ſeaſon to turn the balance of power and trade in their favour.

By the laſt accounts from the Mediterranean, we hear that the trade carried on there is greatly interrupted by the ſwarms of Barbary corſairs which infeſt the coaſts of Spain and Italy.

A report prevails at Piſa, that the Emperor of Morocco hath declared war againſt the French, and that his corſairs have already inſulted the flag of that nation.

They write from Gibraltar, that a Spaniſh frigate has been ſunk off Ceuta, in an engagement with four Mooriſh cruizers, and two thirds of the crew periſhed.

They write from Mahon, that the Emperor of Morocco had ſent a fleet of ſeven ſhips againſt the Spaniſh fort of Ceuta, and it was reported that an army of 40,000 Moors were to attack it on the land ſide at the ſame time.

They write from Gibraltar, that a Tangier row-boat, with 60 men on board, attempting to board a large Hamburg ſhip in the Mediterranean, had been run down by the latter, and every ſoul on board periſhed.

A violent ſhock of an earthquake has been felt at Konigſberg, in Norway. It was very diſtinctly felt during one minute and a half. The tremulation was accompanied with a ſubterraneous noiſe ſomewhat like diſtant rumbling of thunder. Several of the buildings were damaged, which occaſioned the inhabitants to deſert their houſes, and threw the whole village into the the utmoſt diſorder.

Orders are ſent to Ireland for 400 tuns of proviſions to be ſhipped off for his Majeſty's garriſons of Gibraltar and Minorca, on account of the importation being ſtopped from the Barbary coaſt.

Yeſterday there was a levee at St. James's; after which a chapter of the Order of the Thiſtle was held, when his Grace the Duke of Gordon was inveſted with the Riband, late the Duke of Athol's. There were preſent the Lord Chancellor, Lord Mansfield, the Earls of Portmore and March, the Duke of Buccleugh, &c. After the chapter was over, the Lords North, Dartmouth, and Barrington, attended the King at St. James's, on buſineſs, till near five o'clock.

From what paſſed at a great man's levee, the other day, it is thought that the firſt points to be agitated on American affairs will be, whether the Miniſtry can now hear any petition or remonſtrance from a Congreſs conſtituted by illegal powers, there being no precedent of Government doing buſineſs with any perſon or perſons not legally conſtituted.

A letter from Paris ſays that the Marquis de Noalles is appointed Ambaſſador to England.

For ſome days paſt the clerks at the Treaſury and Admiralty have been employed in preparing ſeveral eſtimates and accounts to be laid before Parliament againſt their next meeting, which will be to-morrow ſe'ennight.

It is the opinion of many in Ireland that the Parliament of that kingdom will meet at the end of the preſent prorogation, paſs a vote of credit, and then be diſſolved; ſo that another Parliament may be choſen againſt October next.

Laſt week her Majeſty received a very genteel preſent of ſable ſkins from the Empreſs of Ruſſia, which are ſaid to be the grandeſt ever ſeen in England.

Letters from the continent mention that ſomething is actually fermenting among the Princes of the German empire: The King of Pruſſia's Sub-Delegate at the Chamber of Viſitation at Wetzlar has been groſſly affronted at the commiſſion; which affront the King will not give up without having full ſatisfaction.

Certain agents of France are at preſent very buſy here in ſecretly enliſting recruits for the Iriſh brigades in the ſervice of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, and meet with great ſucceſs in the environs of the metropolis.

It is ſaid that the Spaniſh Miniſtry are intent on two points of great utility, to overcome ſuperſtition, and to engage the bulk of the people in induſtry.

The Pruſſian embaſſy, it is ſaid, has been refuſed by both South and North Britains.

The North Star, Archibald Stanford commander, bound from Madeira to Ireland, deep laden, and ſeveral paſſengers, is loſt 30 leagues weſt of Madeira, in a violent ſtorm, and every perſon on board periſhed.

The Charming Nancy, Daverſon, from Boſton, is arrived at Spithead, with an expreſs, in 24 days paſſage.

Jan. 14. Thurſday a Gentleman arrived in town with letters from General Gage, with which he waited upon Lord North. In conſequence of this, we hear moſt of the leading men in Adminiſtration were convened in the evening to deliberate, and take reſolutions upon the contents of thoſe letters, which, it is whiſpered, are not of ſo unfavourable a nature as other circumſtances may give room to imagine.

The Miniſtry have received advices from Boſton that the principal people in the province of Maſſachuſetts Bay have aſſembled, and put the government of that province into commiſſion.

The Captain of a veſſel belonging to Whitehaven, a few weeks ago, when he was clearing out at Norfolk (Virginia) aſked the Collector what he thought would be the reſult of the preſent diſturbances? "Pray (ſays the Collector) don't you think we are as *white* as the Europeans?"—"Yes (replied the Captain) I think our complexions are much the ſame."—"Well then (returned the Collector) we will not be *ſlaves* while we are ſo nigh you in colour."

A correſpondent ſays the members of St. Stephen's are like ſchool-boys after a breaking up: Having done miſchief, they are loth to come to ſchool.

The greateſt part of the military, we are told, will ſoon be removed from the province of Maſſachuſetts Bay, and the blockade by ſea is to be continued, with the addition of more ſhipping.

The duty on hops for the year 1774 amounted to upwards of 158,800l.

On Saturday and Sunday laſt arrived at Sandwich, ſeven veſſels, with upwards of 3000 quarters of corn from foreign parts.

It is ſaid that the late Lord Middleton has left not leſs than 400,000l.

A moſt violent hurricane hath committed prodigious devaſtation on the coaſt of Languedoc; two Swediſh veſſels, laden with pitch and timber, were loſt, and a third foundered in the gulph of Lyons. Not a perſon on board either of theſe veſſels eſcaped.

On Tueſday died, at his houſe in Bruton ſtreet, Major General Lawrence, in the 78th year of his age, who for the ſpace of 20 years commanded the Eaſt India Company's troops, and was the firſt officer who carried military diſcipline into India.

Lieut. Colonel Preſcot, of the 7th regiment of foot, is arrived in 25 days from General Gage.

Paul Whitehead's bequeſt of his heart to Lord Le Deſpencer (who was his patron, and under whom he enjoyed a place in the Wardrobe of 300l. per annum) brings to remembrance ſomething as whimſically ſimilar in the will of King James II. who left his body to the Engliſh, his bowels to the Iriſh, and his heart to the Scotch.

We learn from Oporto, in Portugal, that on Sunday the 11th of laſt month, the river there roſe 15 feet perpendicular in about 7 hours, filling the ſtreets near the quays on both ſides; many warehouſes were thrown down; pipes of wine, and various other merchandiſe, were carried away, and in ſome places the inhabitants had but juſt time to eſcape to the tops of their houſes. On Monday the torrent was extremely rapid; and about one o'clock the ſhip Kirby Hall, James George maſter, with only one man on board, laden with 262 pipes of wine for London, and ready to ſail, was forced from her moorings, and daſhed to pieces in a few minutes on the bar; however, by the courage and ſkill of the pilots at St. John's, the man was ſaved. At night the following ſhips were driven over the bar, viz.—the George, George Madgſon, from Carolina, with rice, bound to Topſham, and had 120 pipes of wine on board; the Bacchus, George Hill, from Hull, with ſundry merchandiſes, bound to Hull, with 107 pipes of wine on board; the Amelia, Hugh Stephenſon, from Quebec, with wheat, bound to Briſtol; and a Portugueſe ſhip called the Saint John, Evangeliſt Joao Fin-a da Rocha maſter, bound to Bahia, laden, and valued at between 30 and 40,000l.—This laſt ſtruck on a ſand near the bar, where ſhe ſtill remains.

On Tueſday night the torrent abated; and though the ſtream then ran with great rapidity, boats began to paſs. Some freſhes there have been known as high as this, but they always hitherto came on gradually; none have ever been known ſo violent and ſo ſudden. The loſſes are very conſiderable in wine, ſugar, ſhips, horſes, and merchandiſes of all ſorts; though no certain calculation can as yet be made of the amount. However, we do not hear that any lives have been loſt. His Britannick Majeſty's Conſul has taken the neceſſary meaſures for the recovery of ſuch part of the wreck and merchandiſe as can be found, in order to their being reſtored to the owners.

WHITEHALL, *Jan.* 18. The King has been pleaſed to appoint Guy Carlton, Eſq; to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of his Majeſty's province of Quebec, in America.

GLASGOW, *Jan.* 12. It is with pleaſure we can inform the public that the great canal is filled with five feet of water to the Stocking Field, within two miles of this place; and on Friday laſt a veſſel arrived there from Kirkintilloch, with goods.

Upon the 19th of December laſt died at Plymouth, Col. Archibald Patoun, a Director of Engineers there, Commandant of the citadel, F. R. S. and author of the book entitled Patoun's Navigation; a gentleman of great learning, probity, and humanity, who, in all his offices, moſt faithfully ſerved the King and Government. He is brother-german to David Patoun, phyſician in Glaſgow. The loſs of ſo worthy a perſon is now moſt juſtly lamented by his relations, and by all who knew him.

Jan. 19. Yeſterday the trade of this city had a meeting, and ſubſcribed a petition to Parliament relative to American affairs.

Tueſday the Court of Seſſion ſat down at Edinburgh, agreeable to the adjournment for the Chriſtmas holidays.

Same day the Court of Seſſion, upon a report of Lord Gardenſton, paſſed the bills of ſuſpenſion, in the cauſe Dodſley againſt M'Farquhar, for printing Cheſterfield's Letters, whereby the ſale of all Scotch and Iriſh editions of that book is prohibited, until the queſtion of right, as to the property of the book, is finally determined.

On Friday laſt came on at the Old Bailey, London, the trial of Mr. D. Main, clerk to Mr. Alexander Hart, writer in Edinburgh, accuſed of breaking open his maſter's repoſitories, and ſtealing a watch chain, and a Confeſſion of Faith. Mr. Juſtice Aſhurſt ſummed up the evidence in a pathetick manner, after which Mr. Main was honourably acquitted by the jury. Several witneſſes were taken up from Edinburgh, and it is ſuppoſed that this affair has coſt each of the parties upwards of 700l. each.

They write from Kicarton, near Kilmarnock, that a pear tree belonging to Hugh Parker, in Burleith, in that pariſh, produced a crop of pears in ſummer laſt; it budded and bloſſomed in autumn, and what is remarkable the pears are now quite ripe.

ANTIGUA, *January* 25.

WE have received the following melancholy account of a ſtorm which happened at Madeira, by Capt. George Keys, juſt arrived here, and whoſe ſhip was loſt in it: On the 8th of December laſt the gale came on, which obliged all the ſhipping then in the bay to put to ſea, among which a large Dutch ſhip bound for Surinam was drove aſhore, and totally loſt; alſo a Portugueſe brig, of which no account has been received ſince, and is ſuppoſed to have foundered at ſea.

On the 17th, being fine weather, and the wind eaſterly, the ſhipping all returned to anchor in the bay of Fynchall. It continued fair till Sunday the 18th, about 3 o'clock P. M. when a ſudden and heavy ſquall came on from the ſouth, and continued to blow with ſuch unrelenting fury, as to prevent the ſhipping from getting out, attended with thunder, lightning, and rain.

About midnight ſix ſail out of ſeven were daſhed in pieces, their names as follows: The Aurora, Capt. George Keys, from London; the Captain happily was aſhore, but the ſhip was loſt, with three of the crew. The Betſy Gregg, Capt. John Griffiths; veſſel loſt, the Captain, with the whole crew, in number fifteen, periſhed. The Peggy and Betſy, from Maryland, Capt. Lewes; ſhip loſt, the crew ſaved. A Daniſh ſhip, Capt. Bee; the veſſel loſt, fourteen hands, and one woman paſſenger, periſhed; the Captain being aſhore, his life was ſaved. Two Portugueſe veſſels, the commanders and crews leaving them in the beginning of the gale, ſaved their lives; the veſſels totally loſt. Capt. Stewport, of the ſhip Dawkins, from London, for Jamaica, was the only veſſel that rode out the ſtorm, having parted one cable, and the other near going, when the dreadful tempeſt abated. So terrible and tremendous a gale has never been known in the memory of the oldeſt man living in Madeira.

FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS SPY.

The following is an addreſs preſented to General GAGE, from the Selectmen of ſix towns in the county of PLYMOUTH, *occaſioned by a number of ſoldiers being ſtationed at* MARSHFIELD, *in ſaid county, in a time of peace.*

To his Excellency THOMAS GAGE, Eſq;

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE his Majeſty's loyal ſubjects, Selectmen of the ſeveral towns of Plymouth, Kingſton, Duxborough, Pembroke, Hanover, and Scituate, deeply affected with a ſenſe of the increaſing

dangers and calamities which menace one of the moſt promiſing countries upon earth with political exition, cannot but lament, that while we are endeavouring to preſerve peace, and maintain the authority of the laws, at a period when the bands of government are relaxed by violent infractions on the charter of the province, our enemies are practiſing every inſidious ſtratagem to ſeduce the people into acts of violence and outrage.

We beg leave to addreſs your Excellency on a ſubject which excites our apprehenſions extremely; and, in the repreſentation of facts, we promiſe to pay that ſacred regard to truth, which had our adverſaries obſerved, we flatter ourſelves it would have precluded the neceſſity of our addreſſing your Excellency on this occaſion.

We are informed, from good authority, that a number of people from Marſhfield and Scituate have made application to your Excellency, ſoliciting the aid of a detachment of his Majeſty's troops, for the ſecurity and protection of themſelves and properties. That their fears and intimidation were entirely groundleſs; that no deſign, or plan of moleſtation, was formed againſt them, or exiſted but in their own imaginations, their own declarations, and their actions, which have a more ſtriking language, abundantly demonſtrate. Several men of unqueſtionable veracity, reſiding in the town of Marſhfield, have ſolemnly called God to witneſs, before one of his Majeſty's juſtices of the peace, that they not only never heard of any intention to diſturb the complainants, but repeatedly ſaw them, after they pretended to be under apprehenſions of danger, attending to their private affairs, without arms; and even after they had lodged their arms, a few miles diſtant from their reſpective houſes. They frequently declared, in converſation with the deponents, that they were not apprehenſive of receiving any injury in their perſons or properties; and one of them, who is a minor (as many of them are) being perſuaded to ſave his life by adjoining himſelf to the petitioners, but afterwards abandoning them by the requeſt of his father, depoſeth, in the like ſolemn manner, that he was under no intimidation himſelf, nor did he ever hear any one of them ſay that he was. It appears as evident as if written with a ſun beam, from the general tenour of the teſtimony (which we are willing to lay before your Excellency, if deſired) that their expreſſions of fear were a fallacious pretext, dictated by the inveterate enemies of our conſtitution to induce your Excellency to ſend troops into the country, to augment the difficulties of our ſituation, already very diſtreſſing; and what confirms this truth (if it needs any confirmation) is the aſſiduity and pains which we have taken to inveſtigate it: We have induſtriouſly and impartially ſcrutinized into the cauſe of this alarm, and cannot find that it has the leaſt foundation in reality.

All that we have in view in this addreſs is to lay before your Excellency a true ſtate of facts, and to remove that opprobrium which this movement of the military reflects on this county; and as a ſpirit of enmity and falſehood is prevalent in the country, and as every thing which comes from a Gentleman of your Excellency's exalted ſtation naturally acquires great weight and importance, we earneſtly entreat your Excellency to ſearch into the grounds of every report, previous to giving your aſſent to it.

[PEMBROKE, *Feb.* 7.] *Signed by a number of Seleſtmen.*

NEW YORK, *March* 2.

WE have authentick advices, of the 22d of laſt month, from Ulſter county, that on Saturday night the 18th Mr. John Schoonmaker, being in bed, overheard the following converſation between his Negro *York*, and a Negro named *Joe*, belonging to Mr. Johannes Schoonmaker, viz.

York. How many?—*Joe.* A great many.—*York.* From where?—*Joe.* From Keyſereck, Hurly, and Kingſton.—*York.* How much powder have they?—*Joe.* Two pounds.—*York.* That is not enough, they ſhould have more to go through with it, and drums enough to prevent hearing the cries. They will begin, two at your houſe, two at John De Puis, and in proportion more at other houſes. It will be put in execution between this and Wedneſday night; when once begun, we muſt go through with it. We are to ſet fire to the houſes, and ſtand by the doors and windows to receive the people as they come out.

The above (in ſubſtance) being depoſed before a magiſtrate, the two Negroes were committed to gaol, and, together with ſeveral other Negroes, examined next day before four magiſtrates, who met for that purpoſe; but no further diſcoveries could then be made.

A letter from ſaid place names Marbletown as well as the three above-mentioned, and that the Negroes were to be divided into parties, to fire the houſes, cry fire, and kill the people as they came out. The motive for this conſpiracy was the recovery of their freedom: A large quantity of powder and ball was found with ſeveral Negroes, and there are ſaid to be advices in town, that, beſides the two Negroes before mentioned, 17 or 18 more have been committed to gaol.

A report has likewiſe been current in town, for a day or two paſt, that theſe Negroes were to be joined by five or ſix hundred Indians, but it does not appear that there is any good foundation for this report.

Laſt week orders were received from Virginia for the purchaſe of as large a quantity of arms as can be procured in this city.

We are informed, by a Captain of a veſſel who arrived a few days ago from Antigua, that Admiral Parry, with the royal ſquadron under his command on that ſtation, has received orders to ſail for Boſton, where this gentleman will be ſecond in command, as he is a junior Vice Admiral of the blue flag to Admiral Graves. The gentleman who brought this advice added, that he heard Admiral Parry himſelf declare the above deſtination of his Majeſty's ſhips.

By Capt. Quill, who arrived here yeſterday, in 30 days from the Bay of Honduras, we learn that the inhabitants of that place are about to ſend a donation of 100,000 feet of mohogany, to be ſold in Europe for the relief of the poor of Boſton.

Extract from the votes and proceedings of the General Aſſembly of this colony.

Die Jovis, 10 *ho. A. M. the* 23*d of February*, 1775.

A motion was made by Mr. THOMAS, in the words following, viz.

Mr. Speaker,

"I move that the ſenſe of this meeting be taken, on the neceſſity of appointing Delegates for this colony, to meet the Delegates for the other colonies on this continent, in General Congreſs, on the 10th day of May next.

And debates ariſing on the ſaid motion, and the queſtion being put thereon, it was carried it the negative, in manner following, viz,

For the *negative*. Mr. Walton, Mr. Jauncey, Mr. Brickerhoff, Col. Seaman, Mr. Bruſh, Mr. Delancey, Mr. Coe, Mr. Van Kleeck, Mr. Rapalje, Mr. Nicoll, Mr. Billopp, Col. Philips, Mr. Ten Eyck, Col. Wells, Mr. Wilkins, Mr. Kiſſam, Mr. Gale.

For the *affirmative*. Mr. Clinton, Col. Woodhull, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Boerum, Capt. Seaman, Col. Ten Broeck, Mr. De Witt, Col. Schuyler, Col. P. Livingſton.

To the FREEHOLDERS *and* FREEMEN *of the city and county of* NEW YORK.

AS the laſt Congreſs, held at Philadelphia, recommended that another Congreſs ſhould be convened at the ſame place on the 10th day of May next, and the election of Delegates ought not to be longer delayed, moſt of the other colonies having already appointed them; and as the committee has no power without the approbation of their conſtituents to take any meaſures for that purpoſe: They therefore requeſt that the freeholders and freemen of the city and county of New York will be pleaſed to aſſemble at the Exchange, on Monday the 6th inſtant, at twelve o'clock, to ſignify their ſenſe of the beſt method of chooſing ſuch Delegates, and whether they will appoint a certain number of perſons to meet ſuch deputies as the counties may elect for that purpoſe, and join with them in appointing, out of their body, Delegates for the next Congreſs.

COMMITTEE CHAMBER, *March* 1, 1775.

By order of the committee,

ISAAC LOW, Chairman.

The FATE *of* TYRANNY.

ALMET, one of the ancient Kings of Perſia, pillaging his ſubjects of their properties, and exerciſing every ſort of injuſtice over them, obliged his people to abandon their native country, and ſeek an aſylum among ſtrangers. The kingdom of Perſia became a kind of deſert, and barren for want of hands to cultivate the earth. In the mean time, it was attacked by foreign enemies: "Thoſe who cry for ſuccour in affliction (ſay the wiſe) ought to have acquired friends in the time of proſperity." One day, as this tyrant was reading, in the preſence of his Viſiar, the hiſtory of the fall of the King of Duhac, and the ſucceſſion of Feridon to the royalty, the Viſiar ſaid, "Feridon had neither city, nor caſtle, nor treaſury, nor ſoldiers, how has he then effected this revolution?" "The majority of the people," replied the King, "were in his intereſt, as you have heard, and offered him the throne." "And, if royalty is to be acquired and maintained by the aſſiſtance of the people," ſaid the Viſiar, "how came you to chace away your ſubjects by oppreſſion? It is better to reign in the affections of your people than by an armed force. A King ſhould protect his ſubjects from injuſtice, but you ſeem to conſider royalty only as the means of oppreſſion. A wolfe cannot be a ſhepherd. The King who oppreſſes his ſubjects ſaps the foundation of his throne, and may be compared to the owl, who delights only in ruins."

This diſcourſe diſpleaſed the tyrant, who, in his rage, ordered the Viſiar to be beheaded.

Some time after, another branch of the royal family aſſerted their right to the Crown. The people who had fled their country ſupported the claim, and that with ſo much ardour, that they chaced the tyrant from his dominions, and changed the line of ſucceſſion.

A King who knowingly permits injuſtice may be ſaid to love his enemies, as he certainly puts himſelf in their power; whereas he, who, by juſt governmont, conciliates the affections of his people, may defy the malice of his opponents. To a good King every ſubject is a ſoldier.

WILLIAMSBURG, *March* 18.

A letter to the Hon. the SPEAKER *of the Houſe of Burgeſſes of this colony, from the* AGENTS *appointed to preſent the petition of the Congreſs to the King.*

SIR,

THIS is juſt to inform you, that having received the petition of the Congreſs to the King, we immediately communicated it to Lord Dartmouth, Secretary of State for the American department, as the regular official method, and that by which only we could have expectation of obtaining an anſwer. His Lordſhip this day informed us that he had laid the ſame before the King; that his Majeſty had been pleaſed to receive it very graciouſly, and to ſay it was a matter of ſo great importance that he ſhould, as ſoon as they met, lay it before his two Houſes of Parliament. We can now only add, that we are, with great reſpect, Sir,

Your moſt obedient humble ſervants,

B. FRANKLIN.
W. BOLLAN.
ARTHUR LEE.

LONDON, *Dec.* 24, 1774.

Extract of a letter from LONDON, *dated Dec.* 24, 1774.

"The unanimity, firmneſs, and moderation of the reſolutions of the General Congreſs, and the univerſal approbation both theſe and their addreſſes meet with here, has rouſed the merchants, and diſconcerted the Miniſters. As yet, however, they appear unreſolved, unwilling to retract, and unable to proceed. In my opinion, however, the cloſet power that rules this unhappy country will not permit them to retreat without violence. It is therefore my duty to ſay, that nothing but a continuance of that union and firmneſs, which have happily ſhaken their reſolution, will effectually change their conduct, and give us redreſs. Lord North's late language in the Houſe of Commons is humble to a degree; but he is a very treacherous man, and the political wiſdom of the preſent times being to dupe and deceive by perſonal falſehood, it becomes us to be upon our guard.

"Three of the Gentlemen appointed by the Congreſs to deliver their petition preſented it through the hands of the Secretary of State, and were anſwered, that his Majeſty received it very graciouſly, and, from its importance, he would lay it before his two Houſes of Parliament as ſoon as they met. They are adjourned till the 24th of February.

"The buz of the Court is, that Lord North and Lord Dartmouth will give place to the Lords Gower and Hilliſborough, and all the acts complained of will be repealed, except the Admiralty acts and the Declaratory act. The opinion, however, of all our friends is, that firmneſs and unanimity on your part, in demanding a full redreſs, and a ſolemn ratification of your rights, cannot be reſiſted.

"As the King has declared his intention to lay the petition before Parliament, we have thought that an immediate obedience to the orders of the Congreſs, for publiſhing their petition, might be conſtrued by our enemies into diſreſpect to the King, and factious views, which it has been their conſtant endeavour to fix upon us. It is therefore determined to defer the publication till it is laid before Parliament. The effect of the addreſſes upon mens minds needs no addition at preſent, but may want re-animation at a future day, which the petition is well calculated to effect."

An extract of a letter from a Gentleman of conſiderable rank in LONDON, *to his friend in* SUSSEX *county, of the* 1*ſt of* December *laſt.*

"I am truly at a loſs to know what to ſay with regard to the unhappy diſputes between America and the mother country. Every good man moſt ſincerely wiſhes that ſome healing meaſures may be adopted, and that peace and harmony may be again reſtored to both countries. Every true patriot admires the courage, the fortitude, and virtue, of the Americans, and cannot but wiſh them ſucceſs; for the cauſe of liberty is, and muſt be, the ſame through all the Britiſh Dominions: But if the arm of deſpotism is to prevail, and force is to compel obedience, every man ſhudders for what may be the conſequence. May the God of Peace direct our councils, and avert the impending evil!"

The Martin, Clarke, from Virginia to London, is totally loſt near the mouth of the harbour of Milford; the Captain, and part of the crew, drowned.

Arrived at Glaſgow, from Virginia, the Crawford, M'Lean, and Bell, Moodie.

The Juſtitia, Capt. Kidd, from London, is arrived in Rappahannock, with 130 ſervants on board.

Sunday laſt died Mrs. REBECCA SHEILD, relict of Major Robert Sheild, late of York county.

Upper Diſtrict of JAMES *River.*

ENTERED. Schooner Dunmore, Thomas Pearce, from Salem, with rum, gin, chocolate, fiſh, iron ware, and molaſſes. Ship Peter, Thomas Lang, from Glaſgow, in ballaſt.

CLEARED. Snow Polly, John Gourley, for Liverpool, with wheat. Schooner Betſy, Robert Standly, for Salem, with corn, wheat, flour, peaſe, and beans.

☞ *Mr.* HENLEY's *defence of the Queries would have been inſerted this week, but for want of room.*

WHEREAS I purchaſed of *Agnes Walſh*, of the Province of *Maryland*, a Lot containing Half an Acre, in the Town of *Staunton*, with a Wood Lot of 50 Acres belonging to the ſame, for the Conſideration of 52l. 10s. current Money of *Virginia*; for the Payment of which Sum I (together with Mr. *Felix Gilbert*) entered into Bond, payable to the ſaid *Agnes* ſome Time in the Month of *March* next; and whereas, ſince the ſaid Purchaſe was made, I have received Notice from a certain *Samuel Gay*, that he has a prior Title to the ſaid Lot and Land, cautioning me againſt making any Improvement on the ſaid Lot: Theſe are therefore to forewarn all Perſons from taking an Aſſignment on the ſaid Bond, as I am determined not to pay the ſame until the Matter reſpecting the Title is cleared up, or until the ſaid *Agnes Walſh* doth enter into Bond, together with good Security, in the penal Sum of one Thouſand Pounds for the Security of ſaid Title, as I purpoſe building a Merchant Mill, and other Houſes, near to that Value. From under my Hand, this 27th Day of *February*, 1775.

SAMPSON MATHEWS.

THE HIGH BLOODED HORSE

MONARCH,

NOW four Years old, about 15 Hands high, got by the noted Horſe MARK ANTHONY, and his Pedigree of the Mare's Side unexceptionable, ſtands at my Houſe, and will begin to cover Mares the firſt of *April*, at 10s. a Leap, or 30s. the Seaſon.—MONARCH paces well, and is as fine a Saddle-Horſe as any in the Colony. GEORGE B. POINDEXTER.

NEW KENT, *March* 9, 1775. (1)

WILLIAMSBURG, *March* 18, 1775.

THE Subſcriber begs Leave to acquaint the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has engaged a Perſon, from *London*, who is a Proficient in PAINTING, PLAISTERING, and PAPER-HANGING, and hopes to give general Satisfaction to all thoſe who pleaſe to employ him; which will much oblige

Their humble Servant,

(2‖) JOHN LOCKLEY.

N. B. *Stolen out of my Yard, laſt Night, a white* MUSCOVY DUCK, *and a* SUMMER DRAKE. *Whoever brings them to me ſhall have* 5*s. Reward.*

JUST ARRIVED,

The JUSTITIA, *Captain* KIDD,

WITH ABOUT ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY HEALTHY

SERVANTS,

CONSISTING of Men, Women, and Boys; among whom are many TRADESMEN, ſuch as Carpenters and Joiners, Bricklayers and Plaiſterers, Shoemakers, Barbers and Hair Dreſſers, ſeveral Weavers, Cutlers, Curriers, and Bakers, a Tanner, a Tailor and Staymaker, a Blackſmith, a Painter, a Printer, a Bookbinder, a Miller, a Stocking Weaver, a Schoolmaſter, a Hatter, a Silk Dyer, and others. There are alſo many Farmers, and other Country Labourers, Gentlemen's Servants, *&c. &c.* The Sale will commence at *Leeds* Town, on *Wedneſday* the 22d Inſtant *(March)* and be continued till all are ſold. A reaſonable Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſers giving Bond, with approved Security, to (2) THOMAS HODGE.

FIFTY very likely SLAVES,

Some of them very valuable Tradeſmen, will be ſold at the *Richmond* Fair, for ready Money, by

The SHERIFF of *James City* County.

THE Apothecary's Buſineſs carried on at *Peterſburg* by *Alexander Glaſs Strachan* and Co. being now diſcontinued, all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Concern are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to Mr. *Bolling Starke* (one of the Partners) who has undertaken the Collection, and who will diſcharge all juſt Demands againſt the ſaid Company.

TWENTY FIVE

VIRGINIA born SLAVES,

Conſiſting of Men, Women, Boys, and Girls, to be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, on the 8th of *April*, for ready Money, Tobacco, or Merchants Notes payable to Mr. *Charles Duncan*, at my Plantation in the lower End of *Amelia* County, on *Appamattox* River, known by Name of *Gooſe Iſland*. ROBERT KENNON.

PETERSBURG, *March* 10, 1775.

AMELIA, *March* 4, 1775.

RUN away, or ſtolen, the 1ſt of *December* laſt, a *Virginia* born ſlave named SAM, about 5 Feet high, pretty well ſet, has a remarkable Scar on his Breaſt, which ſeems as if occaſioned by the Laſh of a Whip, his Sides and Back are much ſcarified by Whipping, had a Wart of an uncommon Size on the Top of his left Shoulder, is very dim ſighted, and in the Night Seaſon almoſt entirely deprived of Sight. He had on, when he went away, a Jacket and Breeches made of Blanketing, a very coarſe Rolls Shirt, an old patched Hat, but neither Shoes nor Stockings. This Fellow formerly belonged to one Mr. *Nathaniel Friend* of *Cheſterfield*. I have great Reaſon to imagine he was ſtolen; I will give 5l. on Conviction of the Thief, and 40s. to any Perſon who gives me Intelligence of him, ſo that I may get him again. RULER RICHARDSON.

TAKEN up, in *Nanſemond*, a RED COW, with a white Face, ſome Red round her Eyes, marked with a Crop and Nick under the right, and a Crop and Halfmoon under the left Ear. ‖ JESSE BATTLE.

TAKEN up on *Blackwater*, in *Surry* County, a dark gray COLT about two Years old, 4 Feet high, neither docked nor branded. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3l.

‖ WILLIAM BROWNE, Jun.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

All Kinds of STATIONARY,

At *Dixon* & *Hunter*'s Printing Office:

BEST Writing Paper, Imperial, Royal, Medium, Demy, Thick and Thin Poſt, Propatria and Pot, by the Ream, or ſmaller quantity; Gilt, Plain, and Black Edge Paper for Letters; Parchment; Inkpowder; beſt large *Dutch* Quills and Pens; red and black Sealing-Wax and Wafers; Memorandum Books; Red Ink, in ſmall Vials; Red Inkpowder; Ounce and Pounce-Boxes; Black Lead Pencils; all Sizes of neat Morocco Pocket Books; all Sorts and Sizes of Pewter Inkſtands; beſt *Edinburgh* Inkpots, for the Pocket; beſt Playing Cards.—Ledgers, Journals, Day-Books, and all Sorts and Sizes of Blank Books for Merchants Accounts or Records. Blanks of all Kinds for Merchants, County Court Clerks, *&c. &c. &c.*

☞ Old BOOKS new BOUND, and all Kinds of BOOKBINDING done at this Office, either in the NEATEST or CHEAPEST Manner, according to Directions; and where any Thing in the PRINTING BUSINESS is expeditiouſly performed, on moderate Terms.

POETS CORNER.

Written at an INN, *on a particular occaſion.*

TO thee, fair FREEDOM, I retire,
From flattery, feaſting, dice, and din;
Nor art thou found in domes much higher
Than the low cot, or humble *inn*.

'Tis here with boundleſs power I reign,
And every health which I begin
Converts dull port to bright champaign;
For FREEDOM crowns it at an *inn*.

I fly from pomp, I fly from plate,
I fly from falſehood's ſpecious grin;
FREEDOM I love, and form I hate,
And chooſe my lodgings at an *inn*.

Here, waiter! take my ſordid ore,
Which lacquies elſe might hope to win;
It buys what courts have not in ſtore,
It buys me FREEDOM at an *inn*.

And now once more I ſhape my way
Through rain or ſhine, through thick and thin;
Secure to meet, at cloſe of day,
With kind reception—at an *inn*.

Whoe'er has travell'd life's dull round,
Where'er his various tour has been,
May ſigh to think how oft he found
His warmeſt welcome—at an *inn*.

TO BE SOLD,

Before Mr. GUNN's *Door, in* RICHMOND *Town,*

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of WILLIAM RANDOLPH, Eſq; deceaſed, conſiſting of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, a neat CHARIOT, with four HARNESS, ſeveral high blooded COLTS, a fine breeding MARE, and about ten Dozen of old MADEIRA WINE. Twelve Months Credit will be allowed for all Sums exceeding five Pounds, the Purchaſers giving Bond with approved Security to

The ADMINISTRATORS.

N. B. At the ſame Time will be ſold two valuabble NEGRO CARPENTERS.

THE Meeting of the Treaſurer, Truſtees, and Subſcribers, to the Fund for the Relief of Clergymen's Widows and Orphans, is hereby appointed to be held on *Saturday* the 6th of *May* next. The Officers for the preſent Year are, the Rev. *John Camm* Treaſurer, the Reverend Meſſ. *Pryſe Davies, Devereux Jarratt, William Bland, John Bracken, Thomas Price,* and *Alexander Lundie,* Truſtees; the Rev. *William Harriſon* Forenoon Preacher, and the Rev. *Robert Andrews* Afternoon Preacher. JACOB BRUCE, Clerk.

FOR SALE,

SEVERAL VALUABLE TRACTS OF

LAND LYING in HALIFAX and PITTSYLVANIA Counties. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may apply to the Subſcriber, near *Booker*'s Ferry, in *Halifax* County. JOHN SMITH.

For SALE, *and very* CHEAP,

THE Tract of LAND whereon I now live, in the lower End of *Caroline* County, that contains 470 Acres, and is known to be very good. The Improvements are, a new Dwelling-Houſe 32 by 28 Feet, with three Dormants on a Side, two Fireplaces below, and one above, a good Cellar, the Kitchen 24 by 16 Feet, with all other Outhouſes quite new, and the Plantation in fine Order for Cropping. Its Situation is equal to any Foreſt Place whatever. I will give Credit till next *Chriſtmas*, when Poſſeſſion may de had. LE ROY HIPKINS.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, about the firſt of *January* laſt, a very bright Mulatto Man named STEPHEN, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, about 22 Years of Age, well ſet, has a remarkable broad Face, with a Mole on the Side of his Noſe, and a Scar upon one of his Legs. He was clothed in Negro Cotton Waiſtcoat and Breeches, Oſnabrug Shirt, and a Pair of blue Gambadoes; his Hair is cut cloſe off the Top of his Head, and the Front Part combed back. His Wife PHEBE went away with him, a remarkable white *Indian* Woman, about the ſame Age, and was with Child; ſhe has long black Hair, which is generally clubbed, and carried off with her a blue Negro Cotton Waiſtcoat and Petticoat, a *Virginia* Cloth Waiſtcoat and Petticoat, and a *Virginia* Cloth Bonnet. She can ſpin well, and I imagine they will both endeavour to paſs as free.——Whoever apprehends the ſaid Slaves, and brings them to me, in *Dinwiddie*, near the Courthouſe, or ſecures them in Gaol, ſo that I get them again, ſhall have 10l. Reward from

HENRY HARDAWAY.

For SALE, *or* CHARTER,

A BRIGANTINE,

Now on the Stocks, and will be launched in a few days,

BURTHEN one Hundred and twenty TUNS.

She is well calculated, and built of excellent Materials.
Good CREDIT will be allowed, to thoſe who may incline to Purchaſe, for the greateſt Part of the Money.
Apply to me in *Suffolk*.

(tf) SAMUEL COHOON.

APOLLO

Stands at the Subſcriber's, in BRUNSWICK *County.*

HE was got by FEARNOUGHT, on an imported Mare of the beſt Blood, whoſe Pedigree is in my Poſſeſſion, and will be ſhewn to any Perſon inclinable to ſee it. His fine Form, beautiful Colour, and extraordinary Performances on the Turf, ſtrongly recommend him. He will cover Mares the enſuing Seaſon at 30s. the Leap, 4l. the Seaſon, or 6l. to have the Privilege of ſending a Mare till ſhe brings a Colt. As the Horſe coſt me a very large Sum, it is hoped thoſe who put mares will pay the Money as ſoon as they can with any tolerable Conveniency. Extraordinary good Paſturage will be provided, and the utmoſt Care taken of the Mares; but the Proprietors muſt not expect to be indemnified for thoſe which may get away. RICHARD ELLIOT.

Wants Employment,

A SOBER Man, of about 30 Years of Age, who is well acquainted with Buſineſs, writes fair and correct, underſtands the Mathematicks, can make a good Tranſlation from the *French*, and has a fair Character from the Gentlemen with whom he lived for three Years paſt.----Inquire of the Printers hereof.

WILLIAMSBURG, *March* 4, 1775.

IT being neceſſary for me to go to *England* this Spring, I ſhall eſteem it a particular Favour if thoſe who are indebted to me would be as early as poſſible in diſcharging their Accounts, without which it will not be in my Power to accompliſh my Intention, and will not only be a great Diſappointment, but a Diſadvantage to me in my Buſineſs. I therefore flatter myſelf this Requiſition will have the deſired Effect, which will greatly oblige Their humble Servant,

MARGARET HUNTER.

BEDFORD Courthouſe, *Feb.* 5, 1775.

THE Creditors of *Jeffery Griſley*, deceaſed, are deſired to meet at KING WILLIAM *March* Court, with their reſpective Claims, properly authenticated, in Order that the ſame may be diſcharged. I am offered, by his Mother, a Sum of Money, in Part Payment of her Bond to her Son (which does not become due till her Deceaſe) on certain Conditions. I believe the Sum offered is nearly, or quite ſufficient, to pay all the Creditors. In this Caſe, it will be convenient for me to comply with the Conditions offered, and to draw a Bill of Exchange immediately to diſcharge the ſame.

JOHN HOOK, Adminiſtrator.

CHARLES CITY, *February* 20, 1775.

THE SUBSCRIBER has on Hand, about FOUR HUNDRED POUNDS STERLING WORTH OF

GOODS, ſuitable for a Store,

which he will ſell for Caſh or Tobacco, Wholeſale or Retail, on reaſonable Terms.

☞ AS I intend to leave the Colony this Summer, all Perſons indebted to me are deſired to pay off their Accounts; thoſe who cannot pay I hope will give Bond; for which Purpoſe Mr. *Edward Morecock* will attend at the Store until the laſt of *April*.

ROBERT WALKER.

MANCHESTER, *Feb.* 11, 1775.

THE Subſcriber intending for *Britain* by the enſuing Fall, propoſes to ſell the following Tracts of LAND, *viz.*—About 2000 Acres in *Bedford* County, lying on both Sides of the north Fork of *Otter* River and *Hurricane* Creek, about 100 Acres of which are cleared, and produce Tobacco of a fine Quality; there are ſeveral Houſes upon the Land, large Peach and Apple Orchards, and a good Meadow. The Land lies well, and is a remarkable good Place for raiſing Stock of all Kinds, having excellent Range upon the Mountains joining it.—Alſo another Tract of Land containing about 300 Acres, a Mile below the other, with a Griſt Mill upon it, lately built, a Stone Dam, and a never-failing Stream. There are little more Improvements upon this Tract, but the Soil is good, and would make a valuable Settlement.—A valuable and well known Tract of Land in *Hanover* County, called *Half Sink*, on *Chickahomony* River, containing, by a late Survey, 667 Acres, a great Proportion of which is rich low Ground, affording a vaſt Quantity of large white Oak Timber. This Plantation lies 11 Miles from *Richmond* Town, is in good Order to work ten Hands, and has the neceſſary Houſes upon it, lately built.—Alſo four LOTS in the Town of *Richmond*, where Mr. *James Vaughan* formerly kept Ordinary, with Houſes thereon, two of which are new, and the Paſture fenced with Poſts and Rails. It is a ſuitable Place for a Tavern, or would afford Conveniencies for three private Families.

The above Lands may be entered upon next Fall, and the Lots at the Expiration of the preſent Year they are rented for. I ſhall be glad to treat with any Perſon who inclines to purchaſe.

4 ALEXANDER BAINE.

☞ *I want to purchaſe the Half Acre Let at* Rocky Ridge, *No.* 132, *drawn to Ticket No.* 373 *in Col.* Byrd's *Lottery.* A. B.

The noted Horſe

MARK ANTHONY

STANDS at my Plantation in *Bute* County, on the north Side of *Roanoke* River, about two Miles below Col. *Thomas Eaton*'s Ferry, and will cover Mares the enſuing Seaſon at 30s. the Leap, 3l. the Seaſon, or 5l. *Virginia* Money to enſure a Colt. Good Paſturage for the Mares, and Entertainment for Gentlemen's Servants, gratis. Great Care will be taken of the Mares, but I will not be anſwerable for any that may get away.

HERBERT HAYNES.

A FEW BOXES OF

KEYSER's FAMOUS PILLS

TO BE SOLD AT THE POST OFFICE.

STRAYED from a Plantation near *William Bumpaſs*'s, at the Head of *Appamattox* River, the latter End of *November* laſt, a likely BLACK MARE about 4 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, with a Star in her Forehead, and a Snip on her Noſe, one hind Foot white, has a Switch Tail, paces tolerably, and trots well in a Carriage, but is rather dull. She is defective in the Sight of one of her Eyes (the left I think) by Means of a Film, or ſomething of that Kind, but has no Brand that I remember. It is ſuppoſed ſhe will make down towards *Warwick*.—Whoever delivers her to the ſaid *William Bumpaſs*, *Henry Bagley*, at *Fine* Creek, in *Cumberland* County, *Daniel Wiſeaker* at *Warwick*, or to me in *Henrico*, ſhall have 20s. Reward from

ROBERT PLEASANTS.

HANOVER Town, *Jan.* 19, 1775.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Debts due to Meſſ. *Andrew Cochrane, Robert Donald*, and Co. and Meſſ. *Murdochs, Donalds*, and Co. of *Glaſgow*, lately in the Hands of Mr. *Alexander Donald* and Mr. *John Johnſon* for Collection, and under them Mr. *Richard Morris* and Mr. *John Davies*, are now under the Direction of the Subſcriber. Great Indulgence having been already given, all thoſe who are ſtill indebted to both, or either of the above Companies, are requeſted to be very ſpeedy in diſcharging their reſpective Balances. Any Payments made to Mr. *Malcom Hart* will be good.

7 ARCHIBALD GOVAN.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, on *Little* River, near the *Fork* Church, a dark bay MARE about 4 Feet 7 Inches high, her near Hip ſomewhat higher than the other, a few white Hairs on her off Buttock, a long hanging Mane, appears to be about 10 Years old, has on an old Bell, no Brand perceivable, and hath been appraiſed to 7l. SHADRACH WATTS.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from Mr. *John Dowſing*'s, in *Warwick* County, laſt *Chriſtmas* Eve, two Mares, viz. one a ſorrel, 4 Years old, about 4 Feet 9 or ten Inches high, trots, gallops, and paces ſlowly, branded on the near Buttock I PR (the PR in a Piece, and the P inverted) but hardly perceivable, has a ſmall Ulcer on her right Cheek, cauſed by a Kick from a Horſe ſome time ago, and appeared to be forward with Foal, The other is a light Iron gray, 5 Years old, about 4 Feet 5 Inches high, trots and gallops, and branded on the near Buttock 3. They had both hanging Manes and Switch Tails. Forty Shillings Reward will be given on their being delivered to Mr. *Dowſing*, or the Subſcriber, in *King William*, and if ſtolen, 10l. on Conviction of the Thief.

6 JAMES RUSSELL.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Williamſburg*, on *Monday* the 12th of *February* laſt, an indented Servant Man named ISAAC GELDING, a Houſe Carpenter by Trade, a ſhort, well made Man, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, wears ſhort brown Hair tied behind, and has ſeveral Moles in his Face. He had on, when he went away, a Bearſkin Coat and Waiſtcoat, and a Pair of light coloured Worſted Shag Breeches, with Metal Buttons, brown Linen Shirt, and a new Hat. He took with him a broad Axe, and a Hand Saw. It is ſuſpected he is gone to *Suffolk*, as he left *Norfolk* laſt *Monday*, intending to go there. Whoever delivers him to me in this City, or ſecures him ſo that I get him again, ſhall have 5l. Reward.

JAMES SOUTHALL.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Caroline* County, near Capt. *James Upſhaw*'s, on *Tueſday* the 3d Inſtant *(January)* a very likely Mulatto Fellow named LEMON, about 26 Years old, 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, had on, and carried with him, a light coloured Wilton Coat, a Beaver Coating great Coat, and a Pair of red Pluſh Breeches, but may change his Clothes, and have many others with him. As he is an artful deſigning Fellow, and once before attempted his Eſcape, and got as far as *Hobb's Hole*, I ſuppoſe he will try to paſs for a Freeman, having endeavoured to procure an Indenture. I forewarn all Maſters of Veſſels, *&c.* from carrying him out of the Colony. Whoever brings the ſaid Fellow to me ſhall receive 3l. Reward, beſides what the Law allows, and if taken out of the Colony, 10l. 10 JOHN MARTIN.

TO BE SOLD

At BERMUDA HUNDRED, *to the higheſt Bidders, on* MONDAY *the* 17th *of* APRIL, *if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day,*

ALL the Houſehold and Kitchen Furniture belonging to the late *John Hylton*, deceaſed. Credit will be allowed till the 25th of *April* 1776 for all Sums above forty Shillings, the Purchaſers giving Bond, with approved Security, to FRANCIS EPPES, } Executors.
JOHN HYLTON, }

TAKEN up, on *Owen*'s Creek, in *Pittſylvania*, a dark bay HORSE, with a Blaze in his Face, about 4 Years old, 4 Feet 5 Inches high, paces naturally, and branded on the off Shoulder I. Alſo a black MARE COLT, about a Year old, 4 Feet 3 Inches high, with a Star in her Forehead, and branded on the near Shoulder NF. Alſo a black MARE and COLT, the Mare about 4 Feet 4 Inches high, with a Star in her Forehead, about 16 Years old, and branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock M; the Colt is a dark gray Mare, a Year old, neither docked nor branded, and about 4 Feet 3 Inches high.—The ſaid Strays are appraiſed to 16l. JOHN DAVIS.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be ſold by DIXON and HUNTER, at their PRINTING OFFICE, in WILLIAMSBURG,

The OFFICE and AUTHORITY OF A JUSTICE of PEACE

Explained and digeſted under proper Titles.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED,

Full and correct PRECEDENTS of all Kinds of PROCESS neceſſary to be uſed by Magiſtrates; in which alſo the Duty of SHERIFFS, and other PUBLICK OFFICERS, is properly diſcuſſed. By RICHARD STARKE, Eſquire.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the Subſcriber in *Williamſburg*, the firſt of *January* laſt, two BAY MARES, one of them is a dark bay, 14 Hands and a Half high, her hind Feet white to the firſt Joint, and with Foal. The other a LIGHT BAY, 13 Hands and a Half high. Whoever brings them to me ſhall receive 20s. Reward.

(tf) MILES SELDEN.

TO BE SOLD, *or* RENTED,

(Preference will be given to the firſt)

A PLANTATION on *Allen's* Creek in *Mecklenburg*, within a Mile of *Roanoke*, conſiſting of about 120 Acres of Land, the Property of Meſſ. *Alexander Donald* and Co. and whereon the Subſcriber now lives. The Land of itſelf is valuable, excluſive of the Improvements, which are a good Dwelling-Houſe, with other neceſſary Outhouſes, and a large and convenient Storehouſe, 32 by 44 Feet. There are about 20 Acres of the low Ground well ſet in Timothy and Clover, and notwithſtanding this dry Summer, 15 Acres of it have yielded above 30,000 Weight of Hay, which, with about 300 Buſhels of Oats in the Straw, ſome *Indian* Corn, 40 Head of Cattle, 50 Head of Sheep, and ſome Hogs, will be ſold on reaſonable Terms. The Purchaſer may have Poſſeſſion of the Premiſes as ſoon as he pleaſes, and long Credit (if required) will be allowed for the Land, on his giving Bond and Security. It is expected the Store will be continued, and of Courſe the Purchaſer will have the Benefit of the Board of the Storekeepers, and beſides the Situation of the Place (being on *Taylor*'s Ferry Road) makes it well calculated for a Tavern.

(tf) EBENEZER MACHARG.

PRINCE GEORGE, *November* 10, 1774.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, a Mulatto Boy named SAM, about 16 or 17 Years old, of a very light Complexion, and will endeavour to paſs for a free Boy, has gray Eyes, brown Hair, a ſmooth artful Tongue, is a great Villain, but a very good Barber. In the Month of *June* laſt he was put in *York* Jail, on Suſpicion of having ſtolen ſome Money in *Williamſburg*. He made his Eſcape from thence and got to *Norfolk*, where he was put in Jail and ſent to me by Water. The next Day (*September* 20th) he made his Eſcape from my Overſeer, and has not ſince been heard of. He was born in *Frederick* Town, *Maryland*, has lived in *Fredericksburg, Norfolk*, and *York* Town, and is well acquainted with moſt Parts of *Virginia*. He was very meanly clad, having been ſo long in Jail, but it is probable will procure Clothes. I will give 40s. Reward to have him committed to any of his Majeſty's Jails, if taken in the Colony of *Virginia*, and if out of the Colony 5l. All Captains of Ships, or Maſters of Veſſels, are hereby forewarned from carrying him out of the Country, or employing him.

(tf) JOHN BLAND.

FOR SALE,

MY DWELLING-HOUSE, *&c.* in *York* Town. Five Years Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſer give Bond (with approved Security) bearing Intereſt from the Time the Bargain is concluded upon. For Terms apply to me, in this Town.

(tf) JOHN H. NORTON.

YORK TOWN, *November* 23, 1774.